Kentucky Fish and Wildlife Commission Meeting REQUEST FOR COMMISSION ACTION September 9, 2016 Division: Wildlife

Regulation Number: 301 KAR 2:075 Regular or Emergency: Regular

Proposed Recommendation: The Wildlife Division recommends removing the option of a wildlife rehabilitator permittee to apply for a non-commercial captive cervid permit as permitted in 301 KAR 2:083.

Justification: Currently the regulation allows a wildlife rehabilitator permittee to hold cervids for a time period of 180 days. After that length they may apply for a non-commercial captive cervid permit to keep the cervids. The non-commercial captive cervid permit referenced in this regulation and 301 KAR 2:083 is no longer a permit offered by KDFWR. Rehabbers will now need to release all wild cervids after the 180 day period.

Action Requested of Commission:

X File the Regulation

_Other:

_Other:

Motion made by:

Action: Approved Denied Referred back to Committee

Kentucky Fish and Wildlife Commission Meeting REQUEST FOR COMMISSION ACTION September 9, 2016

Division: Wildlife

Regulation Number: 301 KAR 2:081 Regular or Emergency: Regular

Proposed Recommendation: Modify the captive holding criteria for ducks to require a minimum of 100 square feet for the first 4 ducks or 1 pair and their offspring prior to first molt (~10 weeks old), and require 2 square feet of additional space for each additional duck. We also recommend removing the surface water requirement.

Justification: Current regulations require captive wildlife permit holders to have 100 square feet of space and 10 square feet of water for each pair of ducks. Additional ducks require 20 square feet of additional space and 5 square feet of water per duck. We recommend modifying this regulation to require 100 square feet for the first 4 ducks or first pair and their offspring, with an additional two square feet of space for each additional adult duck. The current standards are excessive and make it very difficult for breeders to operate in Kentucky, which results in hunters and dog trainers having to obtain their ducks from other states. The removal of the surface water requirement is to prevent the death of ducklings, which are vulnerable to drowning in captive situations. Breeders would still be required to meet the other holding requirements which ensure the welfare of the ducks being held.

Action Requested of Commission:	Action Taken by Commission:
_X File the Regulation	File the Regulation
Other:	Other:
Motion made by:	
Motion Seconded by:	
Action: Approved Denied F	Referred back to Committee

Effective Date: September, 2017